CIRP STRATIFICATION CELLS

CELL	INSTITUTIONAL TYPE/SELECTIVITY ¹	SELECTIVITY SCORE ²
	Public Universities	
01	low	less than 1,085
02	medium	1,085 – 1,139
03	high	1,140 or more
	Private Universities	
04	medium	less than 1,174
05	high	1,174 - 1,309
06	very high	1,310 or more
	Public Four-year Colleges	
07	low	less than 985
08	medium	985 - 1,054
09	high	1,055 or more
10	unknown ³	
	Nonsectarian Four-year Colleges	
11	low	less than 1,015
12	medium	1,015 – 1,099
13	high	1,100 - 1,249
14	very high	1,250 or more
15	unknown	
	Catholic Four-year Colleges	
16	low	less than 1,020
17	medium	1,020 - 1,074
18	high	1,075 or more
19	unknown	
	Other Religious Four-year Colleges	
20	very low	less than 985
21	low	985 - 1,049
22	medium	1,050 – 1,099
23	high	1,100 or more
24	unknown	
	Two-year Colleges ⁴	
25-29	public	
30-33	private	
	Historically Black Colleges & Universities ⁴	
34	public 4-year colleges/universities	
35	private 4-year colleges/universities	
36	public 2-year colleges	
37	private 2-year colleges	

NOTES:

The broad categories of institutional type are defined as follows:
 University

 an institution that awards a substantial number of doctoral-level degrees in at least five different disciplines. The CIRP "university" is roughly equivalent to the Carnegie "Research" and "Doctoral" designations.

 Four-year College

 Two-year College
 Two-year College
 an institution that awards associate-level degrees.

- ² Selectivity is defined as the average SAT Composite Score of the entering class.
- ³ Institutions with unknown selectivity are grouped with the low-selectivity when computing the National Norms.
- ⁴ Two-year colleges and historically Black colleges & universities are not differentiated by selectivity.